

Form 5 Chapter 7
Linear Programming
Fully-Worked Solutions

UPSKILL 7.1

1 (a) $1500x + 900y \leq 45\,000 \Rightarrow 5x + 3y \leq 150$

(b) $y - x \leq 10$

(c) $y \geq \frac{1}{10}x$

2 (a) $x \geq 10$

(b) $y \geq 2x$

(c) $8x + 12y \leq 12 \times 60 \Rightarrow 2x + 3y \leq 180$

3 (a) $x + y \leq 90$

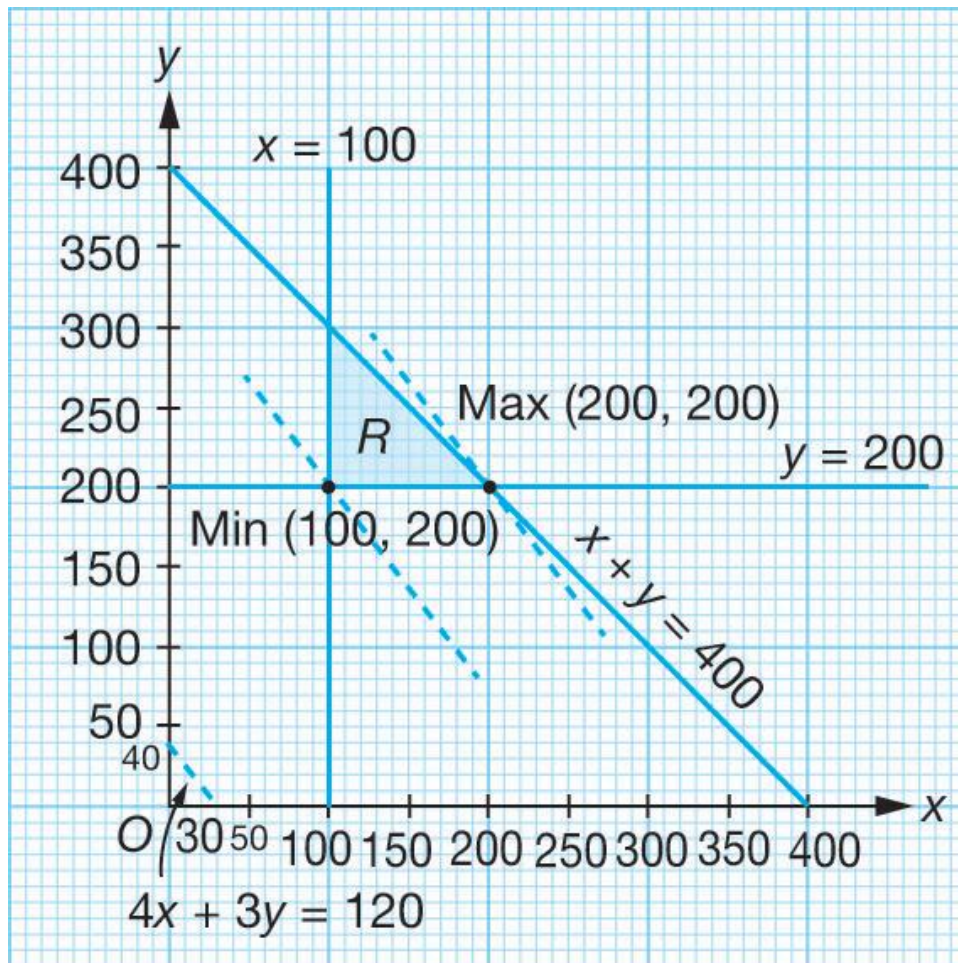
(b) $x \leq 2y$

(c) $y - x \leq 10$

UPSKILL 7.2

1 (a) $x \geq 100$, $y \geq 200$, $x + y \leq 400$

(b)



(c) Commission = $4x + 3y$

Draw the straight line $4x + 3y = 120$

The optimal point (minimum) is $(100, 200)$.

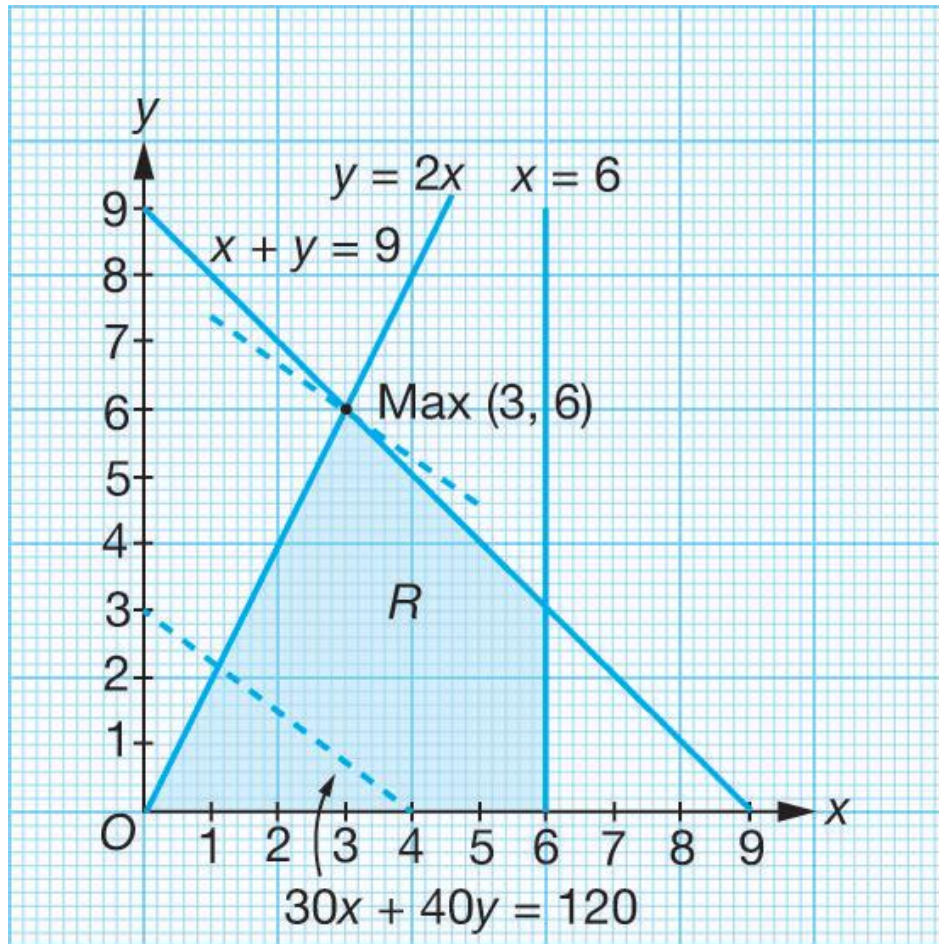
Minimum commission = $4(100) + 3(200) = \text{RM1 } 000$

The optimal point (maximum) is $(200, 200)$.

Maximum commission = $4(200) + 3(200) = \text{RM1 } 400$

2 (a) $x \leq 6$, $x + y \leq 9$, $y \leq 2x$

(b)



(c) Monthly fees = $30x + 40y$

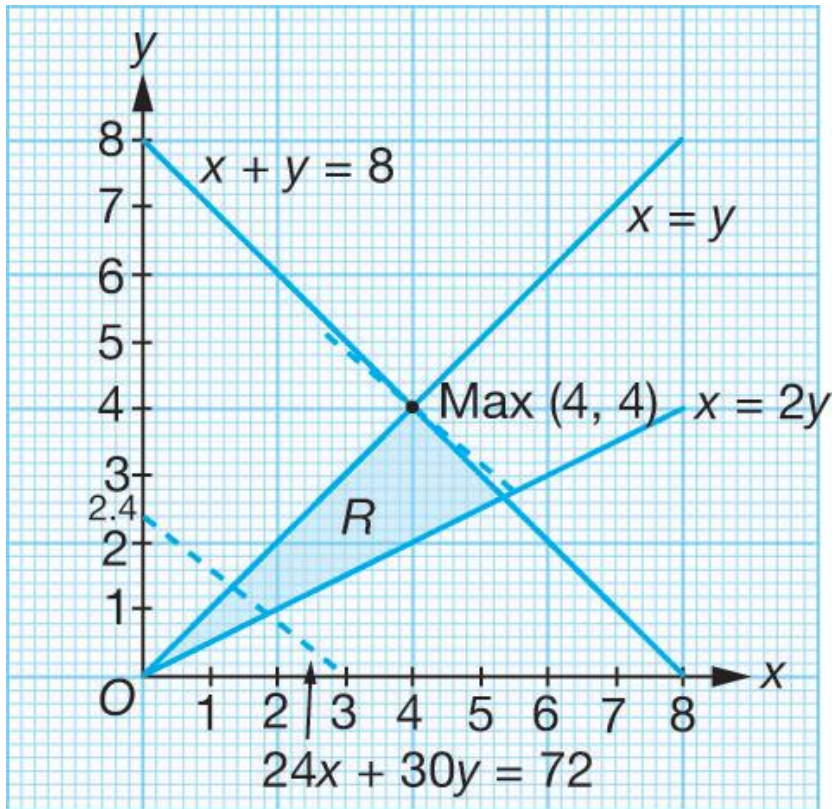
Draw the straight line $30x + 40y = 120$

The optimal point is (3, 6).

Maximum fee = $30(3) + 40(6) = \text{RM}330$

3 (a) $x + y \leq 8$, $x \geq y$, $x \leq 2y$

(b)



(c) Wage = $24x + 30y$

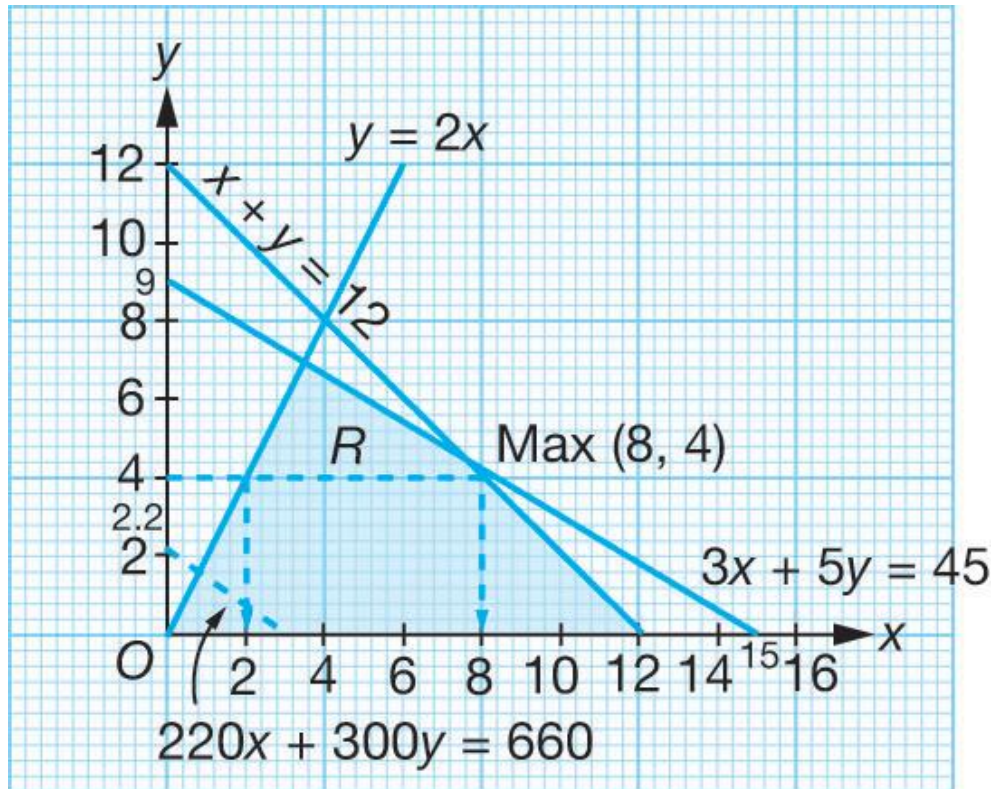
Draw the straight line $24x + 30y = 72$

The optimal point is (4, 4).

Maximum wage = $24(4) + 30(4) = \text{RM}216$

4 (a) $x + y \leq 12$, $y \leq 2x$, $3x + 5y \leq 45$

(b)



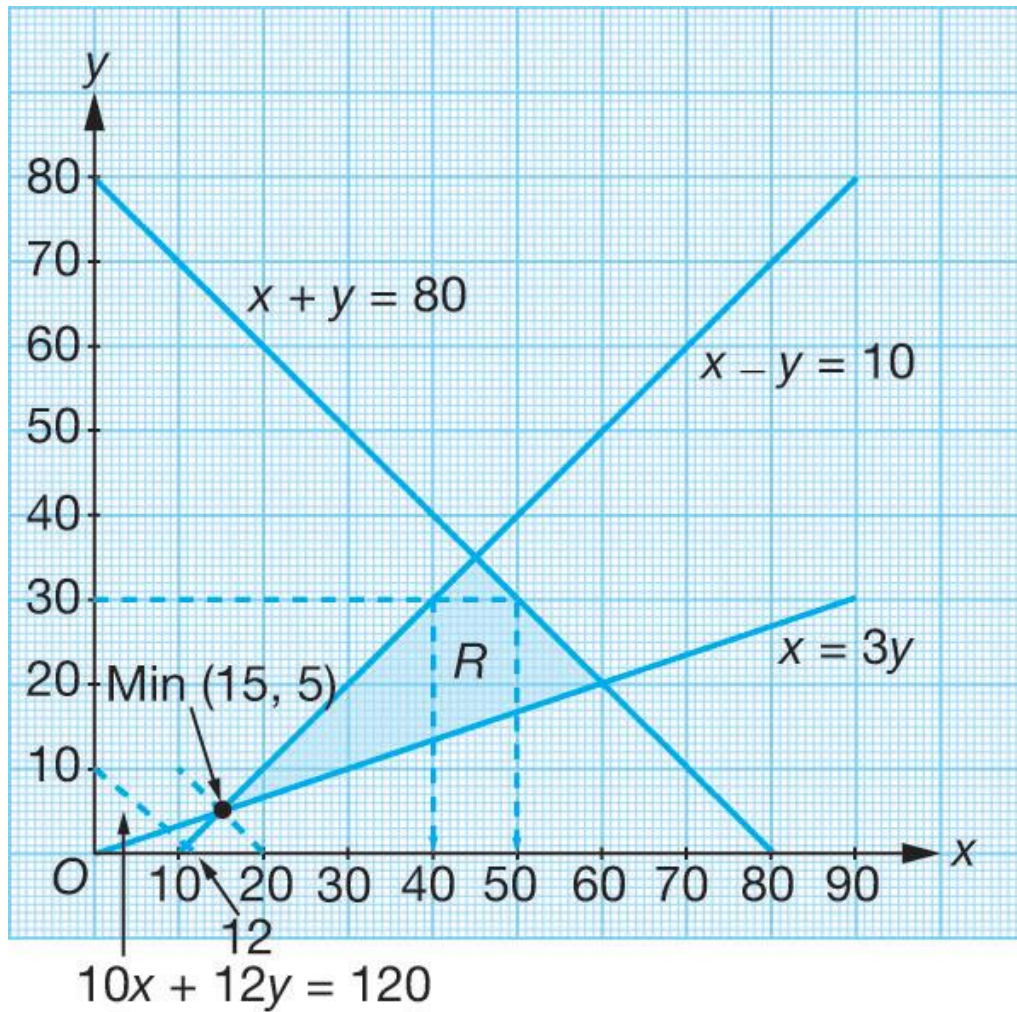
- (c) (i) When $y = 4$,
 x (minimum) = 2 cars
 x (maximum) = 8 cars

- (ii) Profits = $220x + 300y$
 Draw the straight line $220x + 300y = 660$
 The optimal point is (8, 4).

Maximum profit = $220(8) + 300(4) = \text{RM}2\,960$

5 (a) $x + y \leq 80$, $x \leq 3y$, $x - y \geq 10$

(b)



(c) (i) When $y = 30$, $40 \leq x \leq 50$.

(ii) Cost = $10x + 12y$

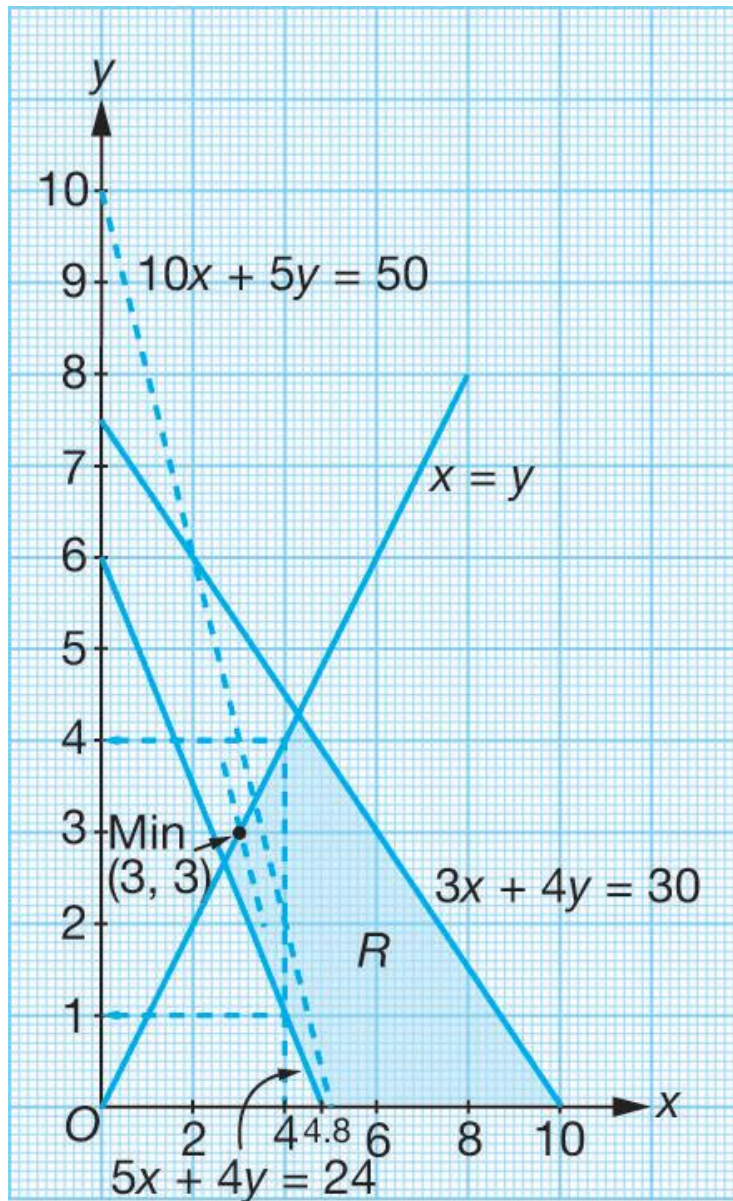
Draw the straight line $10x + 12y = 120$

The optimal point (minimum) is $(15, 5)$.

Minimum cost = $10(15) + 12(5) = \text{RM}210$

- 6 (a) $60x + 80y \leq 10 \times 60 \Rightarrow 3x + 4y \leq 30$,
 $75x + 60y \geq 6 \times 60 \Rightarrow 5x + 4y \geq 24$,
 $x \geq y$

(b)



(c) (i) Wage = $10x + 5y$

Draw the straight line $5x + 4y = 24$

The optimal point (minimum) is (3, 3).

Minimum wage = $10x + 5y = 10(3) + 5(3) = \text{RM}45$

(ii) When $x = 4$, y (minimum) = 1

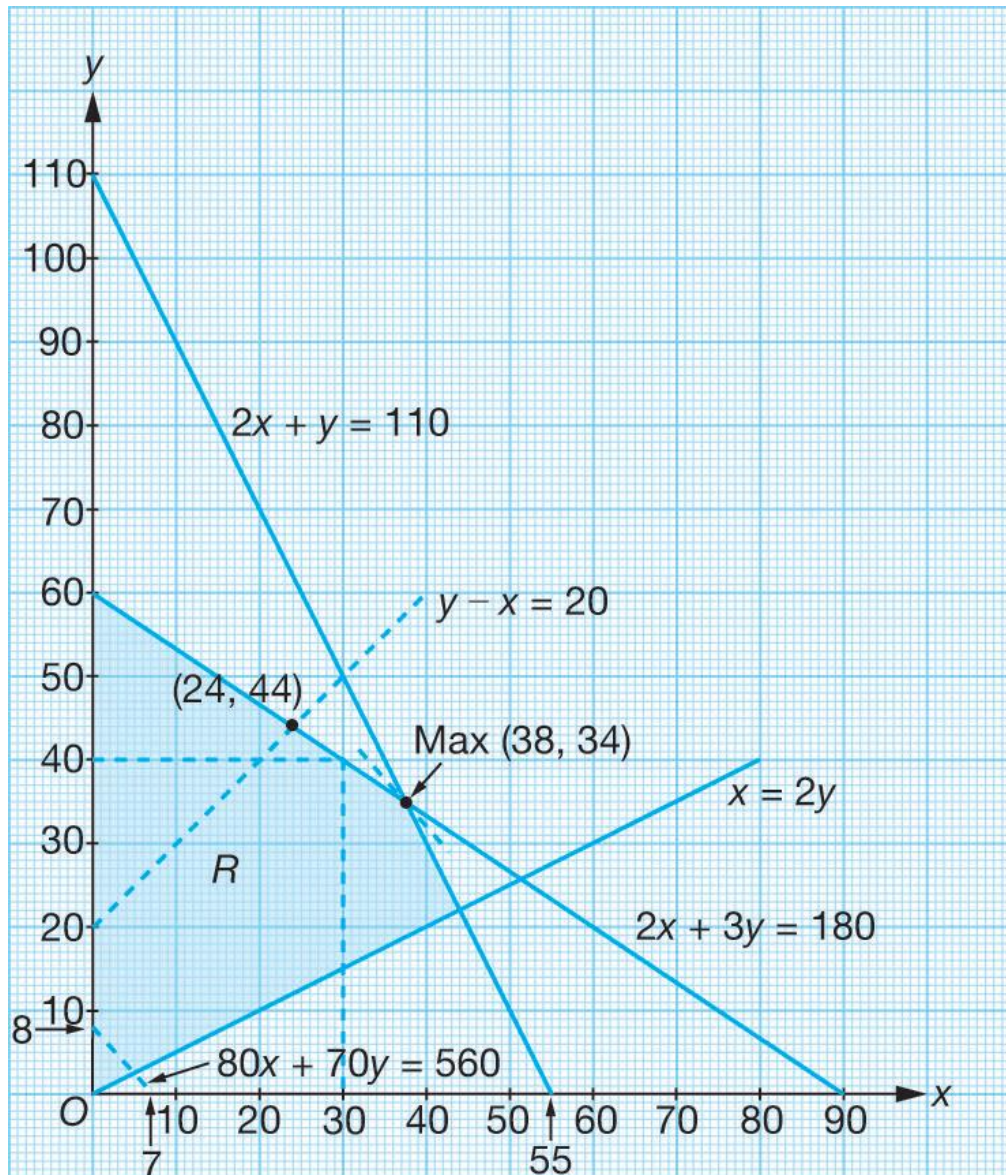
Minimum wage = $10(4) + 5(1) = \text{RM}45$

When $x = 4$, y (maximum) = 4

Maximum wage = $10(4) + 5(4) = \text{RM}60$

- 7 (a) $80x + 120y \leq 7\,200 \Rightarrow 2x + 3y \leq 180$,
 $60x + 30y \leq 3\,300 \Rightarrow 2x + y \leq 110$,
 $x \leq 2y$

(b)



(c) (i) Profits = $80x + 70y$

Draw the straight line $80x + 70y = 560$

The optimal point is $(38, 34)$.

Maximum profit = $80(38) + 70(34) = 5\,420$ sen = RM54.20

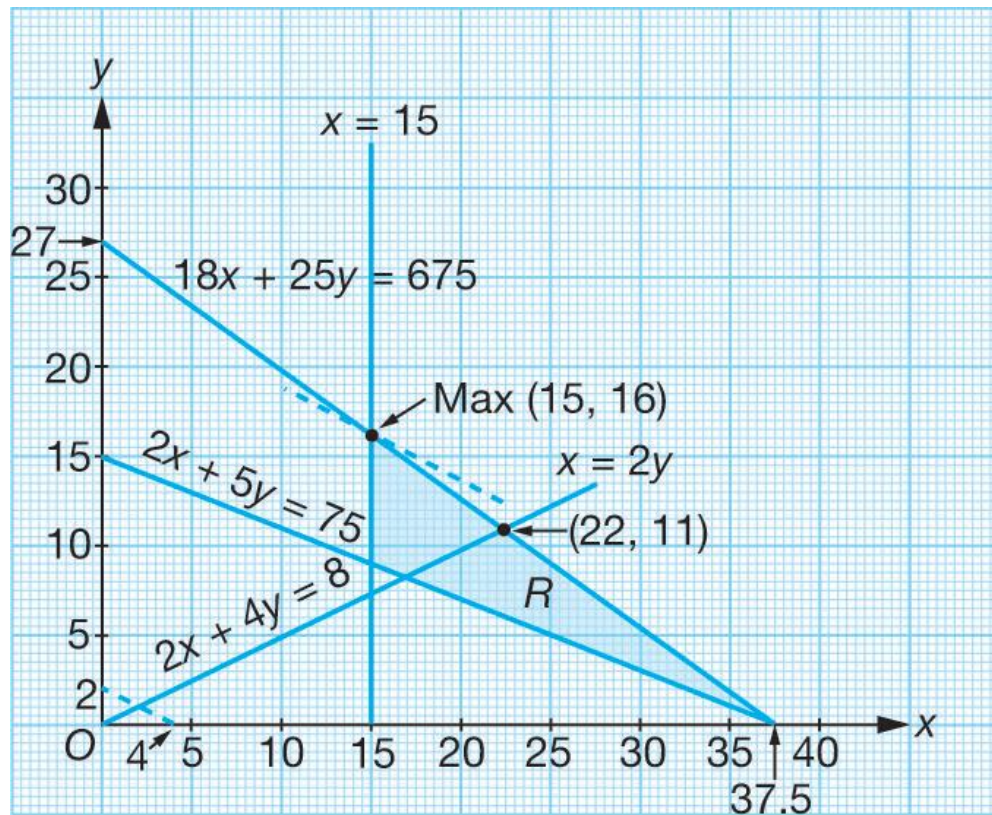
(ii) Draw the straight line $y - x = 20$

x (maximum) = 24 cakes

y (maximum) = 44 buns

- 8 (a) $180x + 250y \leq 6750 \Rightarrow 18x + 25y \leq 675$,
 $60000x + 150000 \leq 2250000 \Rightarrow 2x + 5y \leq 75$,
 $x \geq 15$

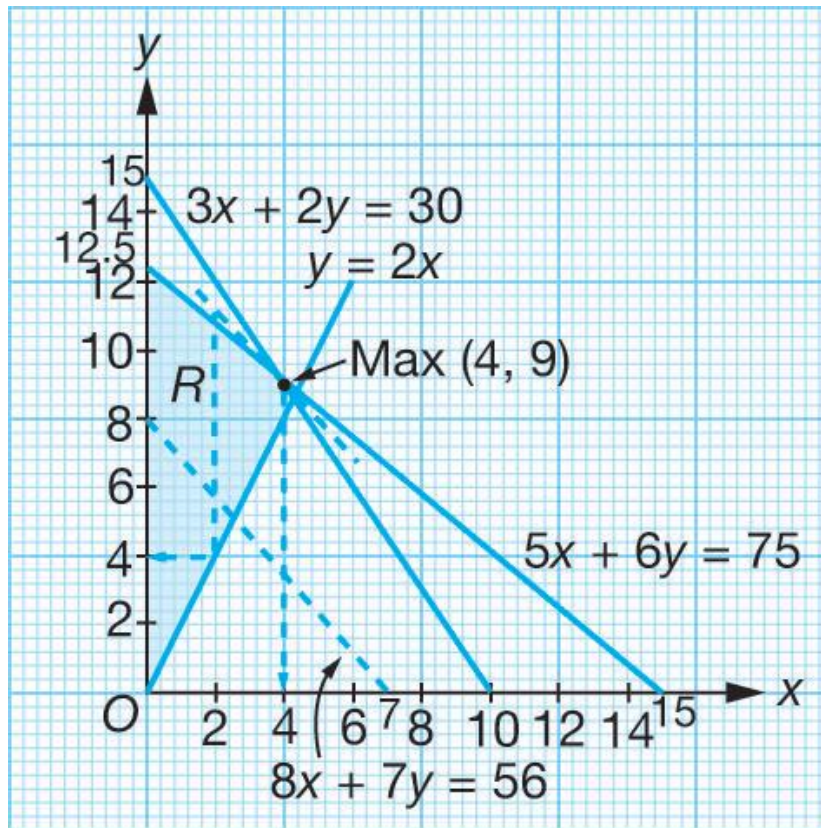
(b)



- (c) (i) Profits = $20\,000x + 40\,000y$
 Draw the straight line $20\,000x + 40\,000y = 80\,000$
 $2x + 4y = 8$
 The optimal point is (15, 16).
 Maximum profit = $20\,000(15) + 40\,000(16) = \text{RM}940\,000$
- (ii) Draw the straight line $x = 2y$.
 x (maximum) = 22 houses,
 y (maximum) = 11 houses

- 9 (a) $50x + 60y \leq 750 \Rightarrow 5x + 6y \leq 75$,
 $60x + 40y \leq 10 \times 60 \Rightarrow 3x + 2y \leq 30$,
 $y \geq 2x$

(b)



(c) (i) Profits = $8x + 7y$

Draw the straight line $8x + 7y = 56$

The optimal point is (4, 9).

Maximum profit = $8(4) + 7(9) = \text{RM}95$

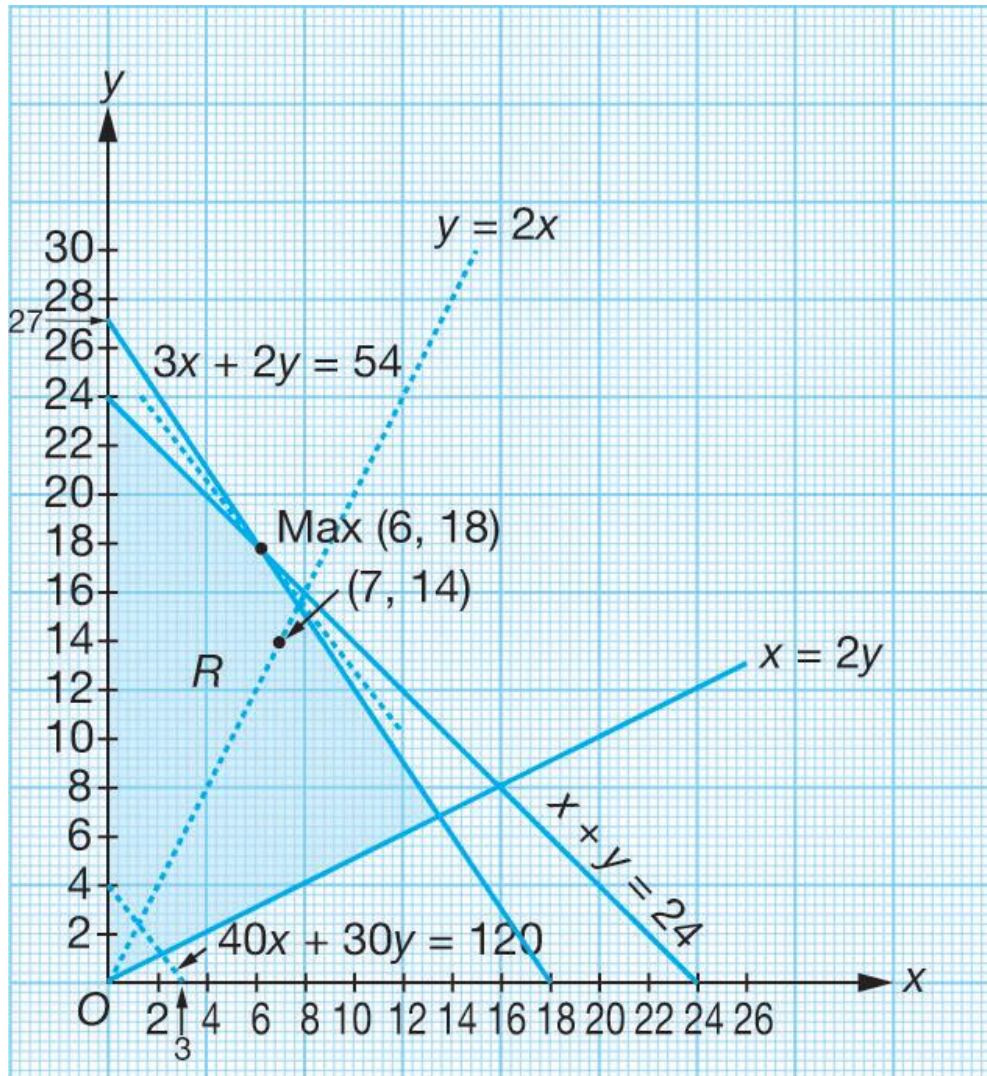
(ii) x (maximum) = 4 baskets

(iii) When $x = 2$, y (minimum) = 4 floor mats

Summative Practice 7

1 (a) $6x + 4y \leq 108 \Rightarrow 3x + 2y \leq 54$,
 $x + y \leq 24$, $y \geq x$

(b)



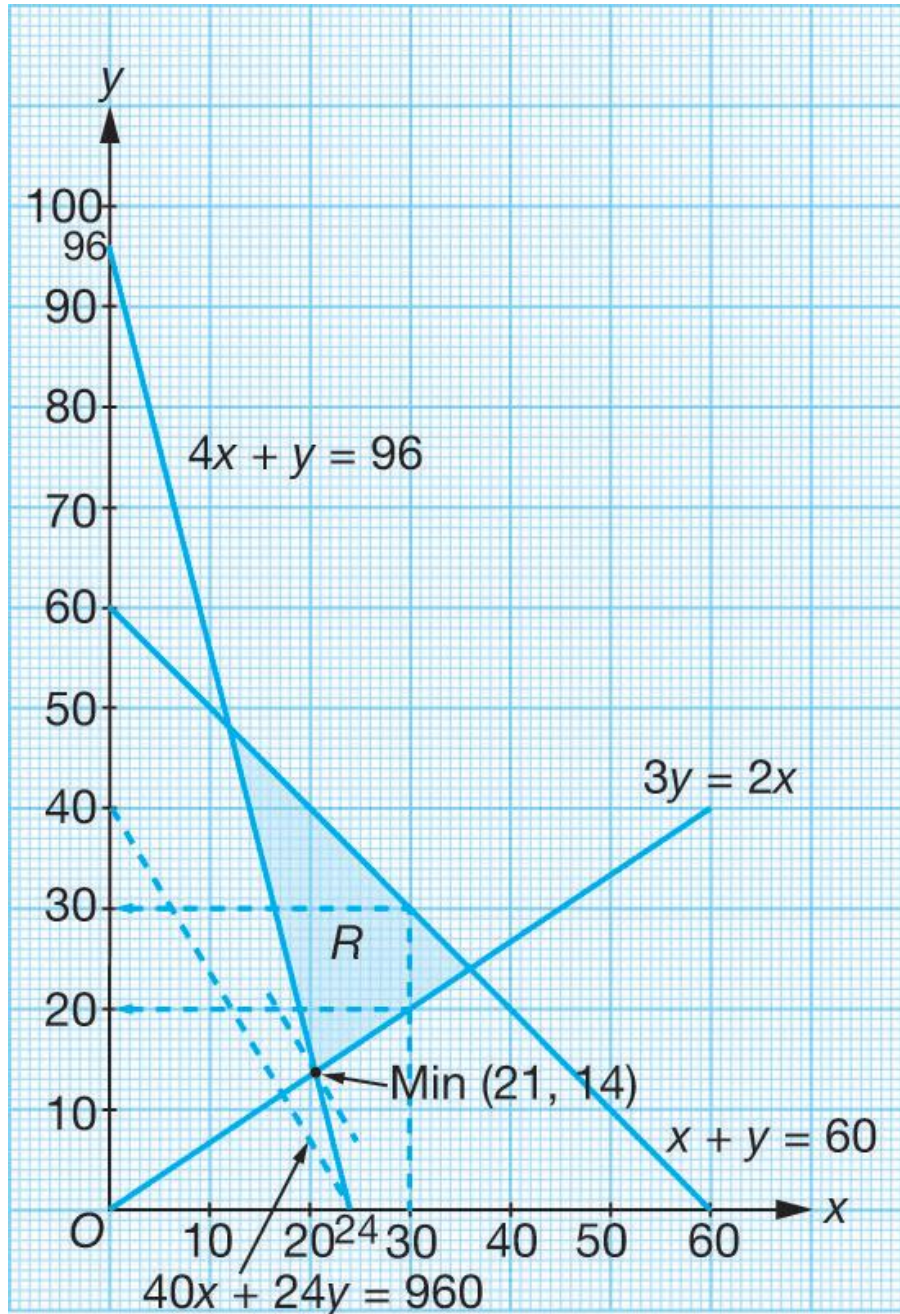
- (c) (i) Profits = $40x + 30y$
 Draw the straight line $40x + 30y = 120$
 The optimal point is (6, 18).

Maximum profit = $40(6) + 30(18) = \text{RM}780$

- (ii) Draw the straight line $y = 2x$
 x (maximum) = 7 type *P* racquets
 y (maximum) = 14 type *Q* racquets

- 2 (a) $2x + 2y \leq 120 \Rightarrow x + y \leq 60$,
 $4x + y \geq 96$
 $x \leq \frac{60}{100}(x + y) \Rightarrow x \leq \frac{3}{5}(x + y) \Rightarrow 5x \leq 3x + 3y \Rightarrow 3y \geq 2x$

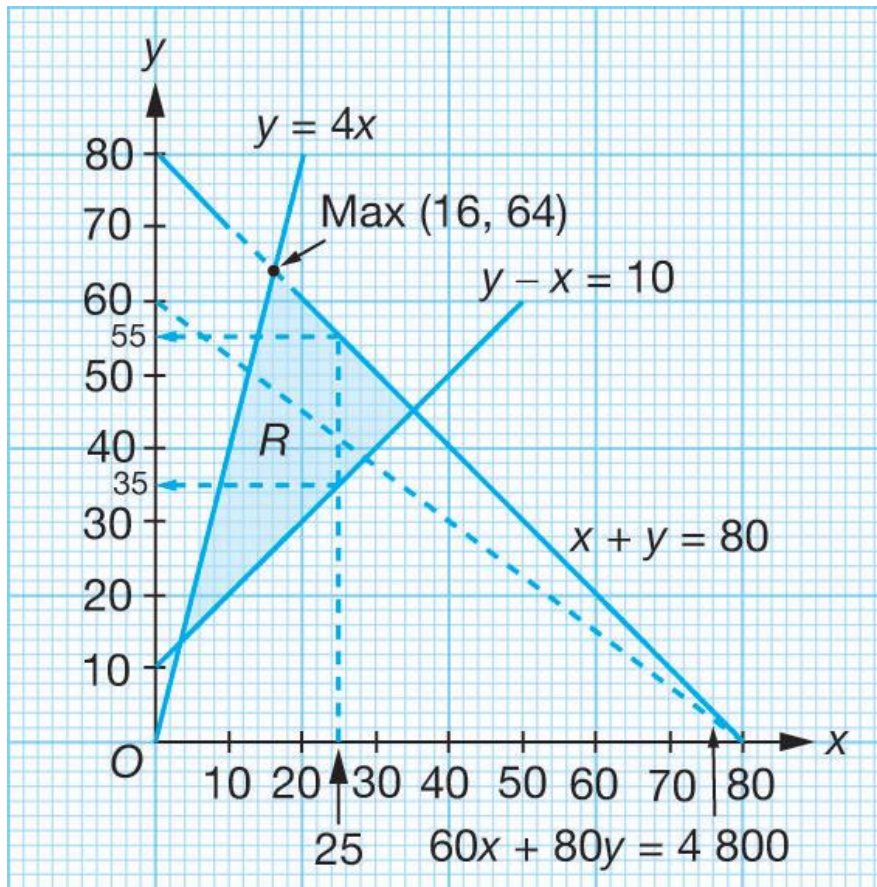
(b)



- (c) (i) Cost = $40x + 24y$
 Draw the straight line $40x + 24y = 960$
 The optimal point (minimum) is (21, 14)
 Minimum cost = $40(21) + 24(14) = \text{RM}1\ 176$

(ii) When $x = 30$, $20 \leq y \leq 30$

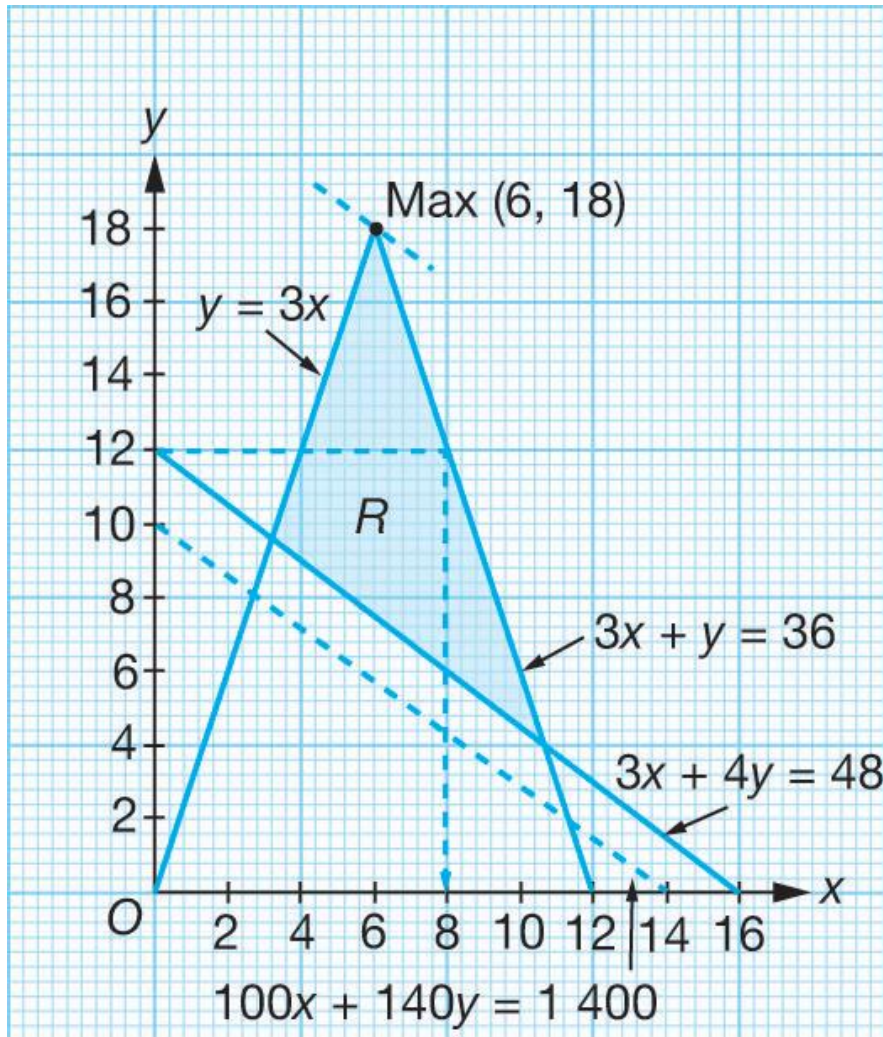
- 3 (a) $x + y \leq 80$, $y \leq 4x$, $y - x \geq 10$
 (b)



- (c) (i) When $x = 25$, $35 \leq y \leq 55$
 (ii) Allocation = $60x + 80y$
 Draw the straight line $60x + 80y = 4800$
 The optimal point is (16, 64).

$$\text{Maximum allocation} = 60x + 80y = 60(16) + 80(64) = \text{RM}6\,080$$

- 4 (a) $60x + 20y \leq 12 \times 60 \Rightarrow 3x + y \leq 36$,
 $30x + 40y \geq 8 \times 60 \Rightarrow 3x + 4y \geq 48$,
 $y \leq 3x$
- (b)



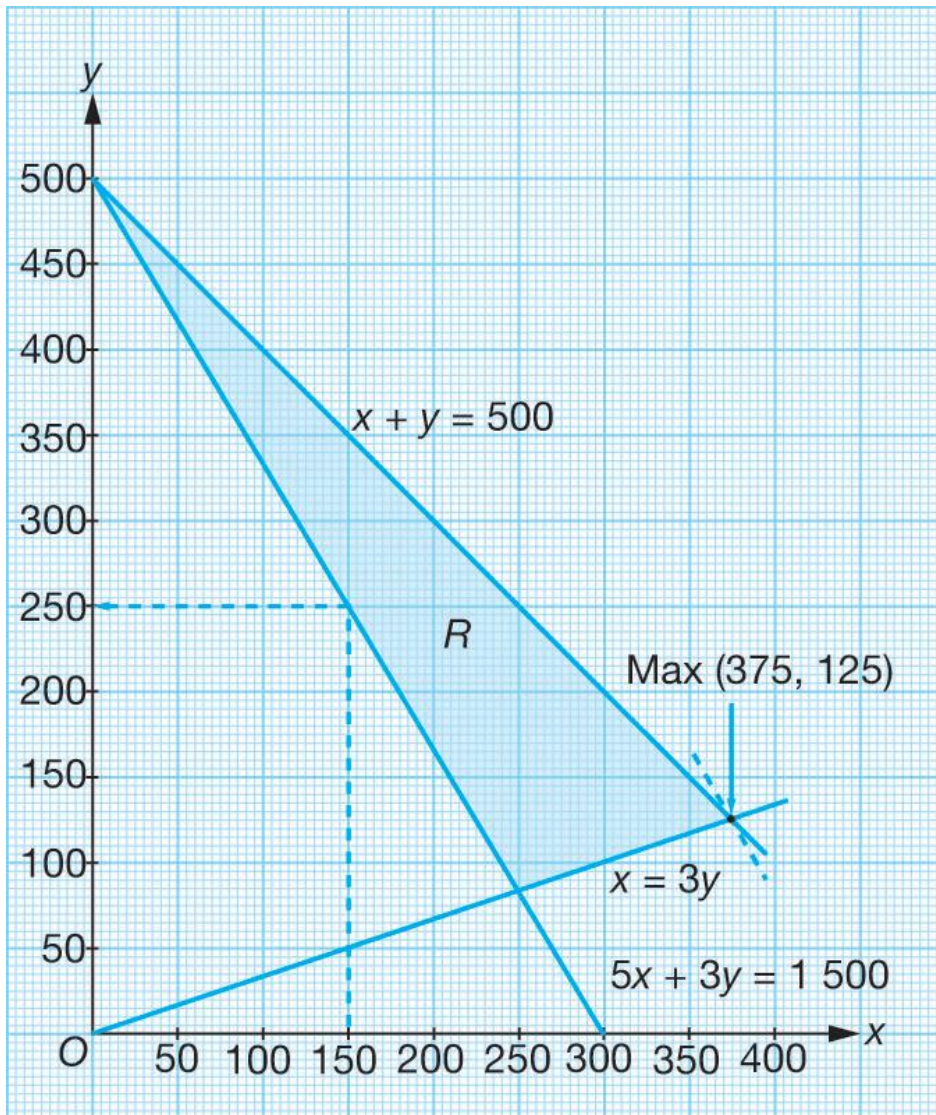
(c) (i) When $y = 12$, x (maximum) = 8 trophies

(ii) Profits = $100x + 140y$
 Draw the straight line $100x + 140y = 1400$
 The optimal point is (6, 18).

Maximum profit = $100(6) + 140(18) = \text{RM}3\ 120$

5 (a) $x + y \leq 500$, $x \leq 3y$, $5x + 3y \geq 1\,500$

(b)



(c) (i) If $x = 150$, y (minimum) = 250 boxes of pocket files

(ii) Profits = $5x + 3y$

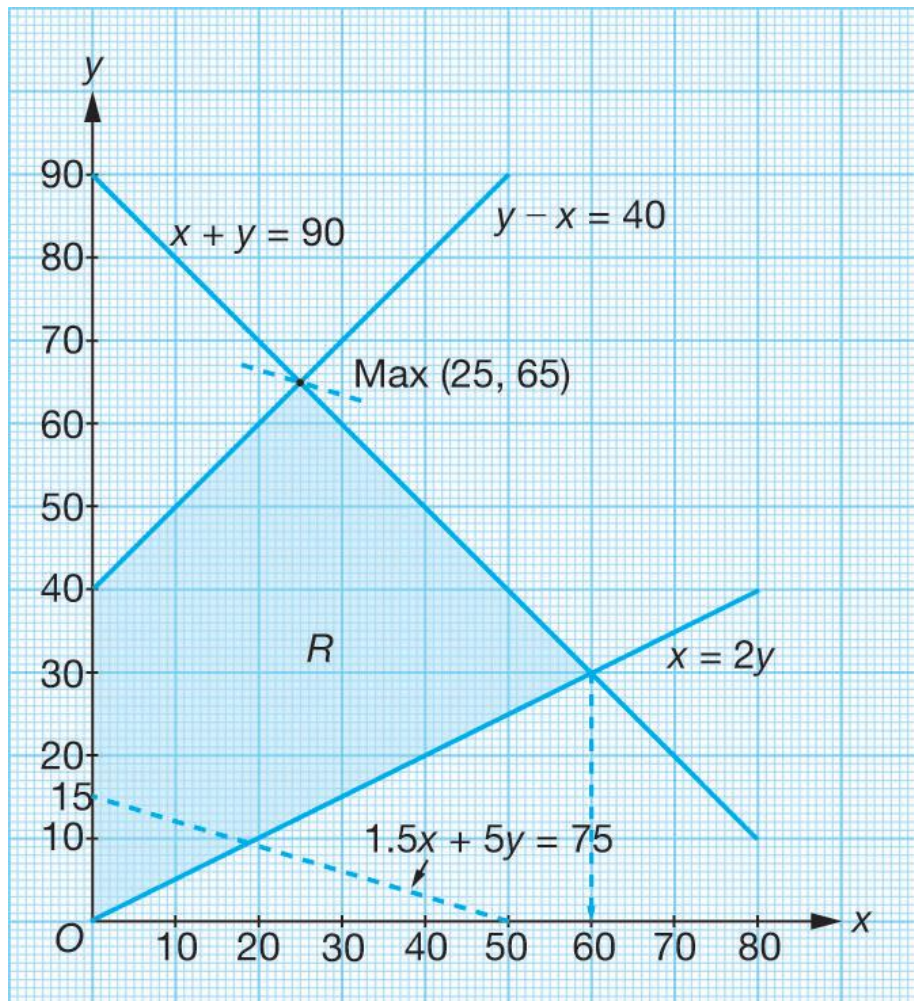
Draw the straight line $5x + 3y = 1\,500$

The optimal point is (375, 125)

Maximum profit = $5(375) + 3(125) = \text{RM}2\,250$

6 (a) $x + y \leq 90$, $x \leq 2y$, $y - x \leq 40$

(b)



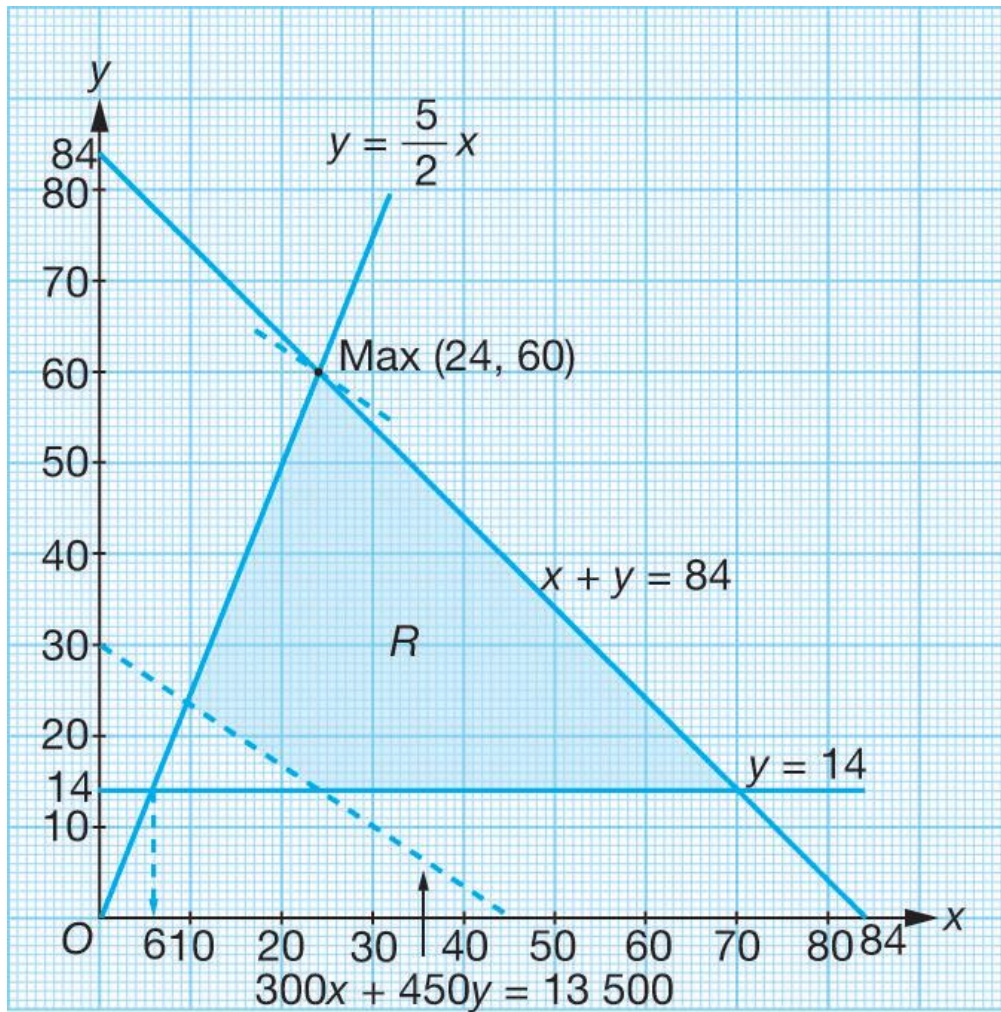
(c) (i) x (maximum) = 60 ballpoint pens

(ii) Cost = $1.5x + 5y$
Draw the straight line $1.5x + 5y = 75$
The optimal point is (25, 65).

Maximum cost = $1.5(25) + 5(65) = \text{RM}362.50$

7 (a) $x + y \leq 84$, $y \geq 14$, $y \leq \frac{5}{2}x$

(b)



(c) (i) x (minimum) = 6 course P participants

(ii) Fees = $300x + 450y$

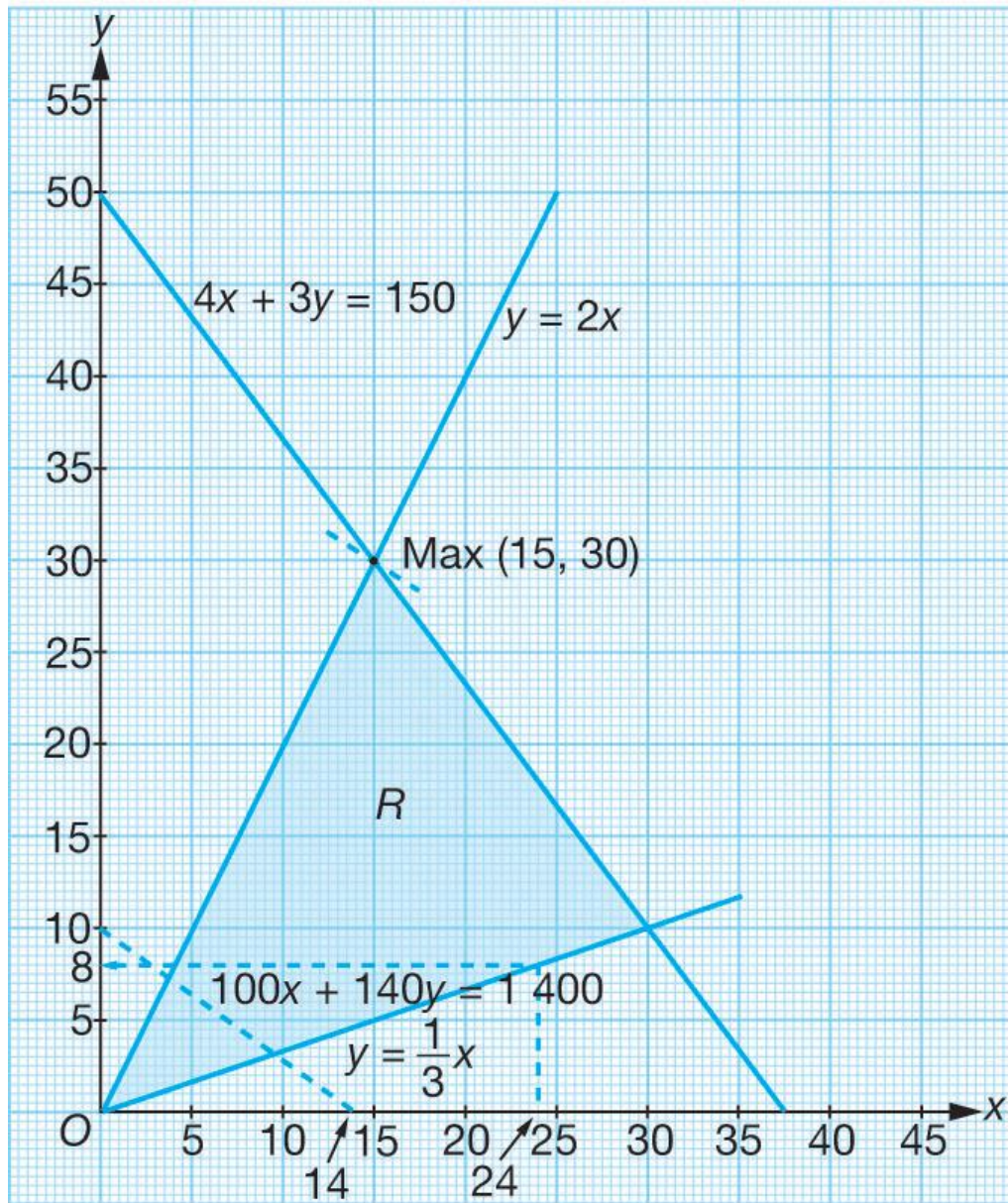
Draw the straight line $300x + 450y = 13\,500$

The optimal point is $(24, 60)$.

Maximum fee = $300(24) + 450(60) = \text{RM}34\,200$

8 (a) $y \leq 2x$, $y \geq \frac{1}{3}x$, $4x + 3y \leq 150$

(b)



(c) (i) If $x = 24$, y (minimum) = 8 tins of *satin-glo* paints

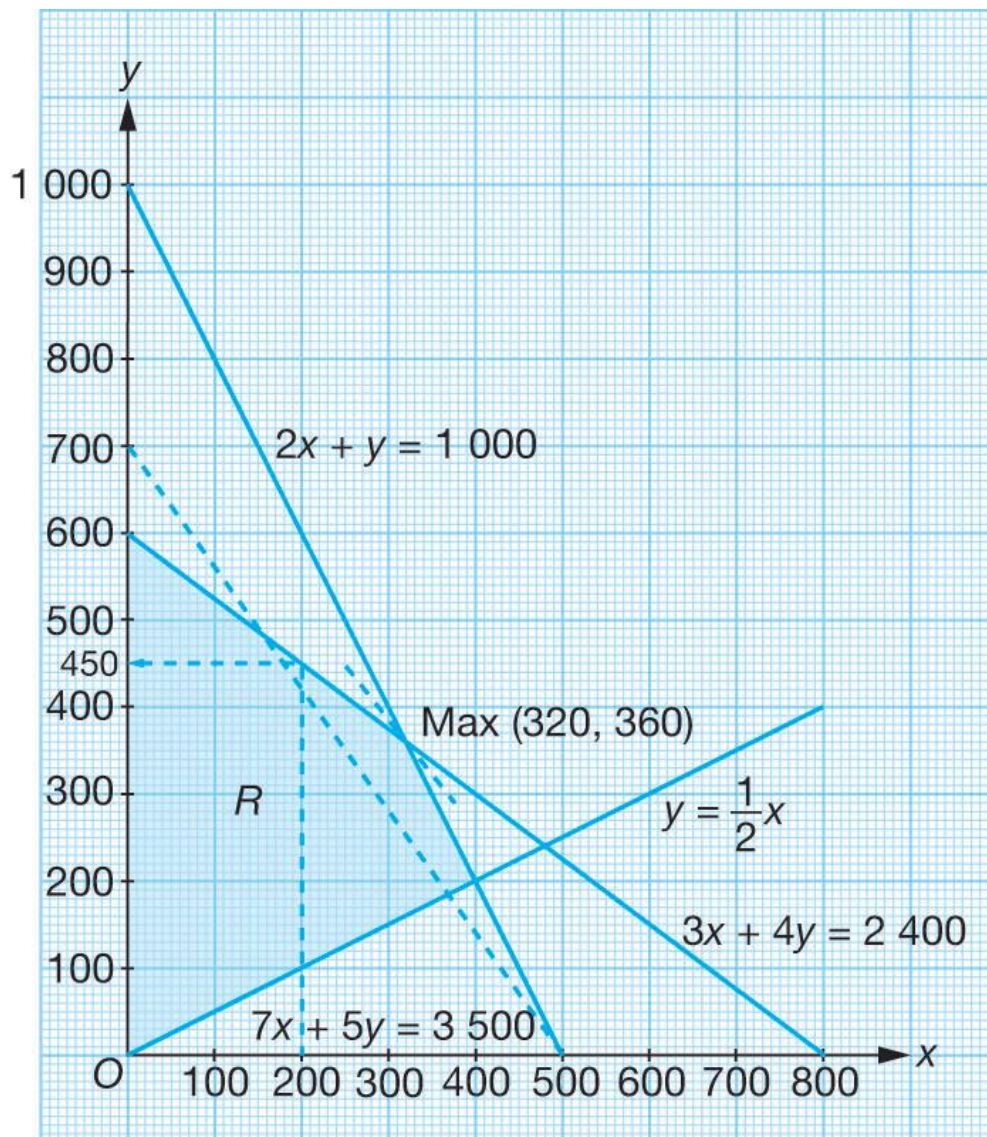
(ii) Expenditure = $100x + 140y$

Draw the straight line $100x + 140y = 1400$

The optimal point is $(15, 30)$.

$$\text{Maximum expenditure} = 100(15) + 140(30) = \text{RM5 700}$$

- 9 (a) $3x + 4y \leq 2\,400$, $2x + y \leq 1\,000$, $y \geq \frac{1}{2}x$
 (b)

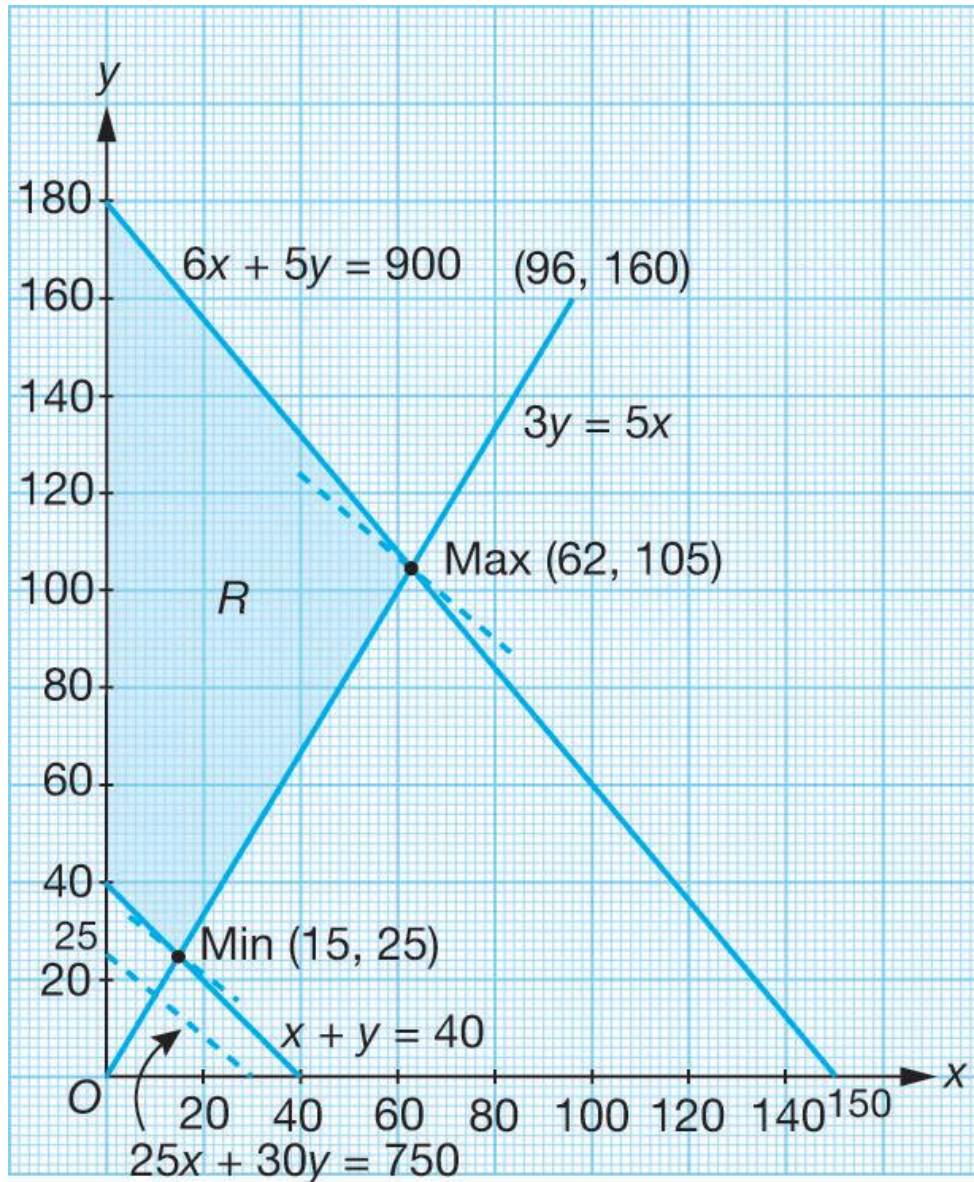


- (c) (i) If $x = 200$, y (maximum) = 450 chairs
 (ii) Profits = $7x + 5y$
 Draw the straight line $7x + 5y = 3\,500$
 The optimal point is (320, 360).

Maximum profit = $7(320) + 5(360) = \text{RM}4\,040$

10 (a) $x + y \geq 40$,
 $96x + 80y \leq 240 \times 60 \Rightarrow 6x + 5y \leq 900$,
 $\frac{x}{y} \leq \frac{3}{5} \Rightarrow 3y \geq 5x$

(b)



(c) Sales = $25x + 30y$
 Draw the straight line $25x + 30y = 750$

The optimal point (minimum) is (15, 25).
 Minimum sale = $25(15) + 30(25) = \text{RM}1\ 150$

The optimal point (maximum) is (62, 105).
 Maximum sale = $25(62) + 30(105) = \text{RM}4\ 700$

$\text{RM}1\ 125 \leq \text{Total sales} \leq \text{RM}4\ 700$