

Penyelesaian Lengkap

PRAKTIS 9

Kertas 1

1 Jawapan/Answer: B

2 Jawapan/Answer: A

3

Dadu pertama First dice	Dadu kedua Second dice					
	1	2	3	4	5	6
1						
2		X	✓		✓	
3		✓	X		✓	
4						
5		✓	✓		X	
6						

{(2, 3), (2, 5), (3, 2), (3, 5), (5, 2), (5, 3)}

Jawapan/Answer: D

4 $P(\text{mendapat gambar/getting a head}) = \frac{1}{2}$

$P(\text{mendapat nombor genap/getting an even number})$

$$= \frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$P(\text{mendapat gambar dan nombor genap/getting a head}$

$\text{and an even number}) = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$

$$= \frac{1}{4}$$

Jawapan/Answer: C

5 Katakan B = peristiwa memperoleh sebiji bola biru dan K = peristiwa memperoleh sebiji bola kuning

Let B = event of getting a blue ball and K = event of getting a yellow ball

$$P(BB) + P(KK) = \left(\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{2}{7}\right) + \left(\frac{5}{8} \times \frac{4}{7}\right)$$

$$= \frac{3 + 10}{28}$$

$$= \frac{13}{28}$$

Jawapan/Answer: D

6 Katakan N = peristiwa mendapat nombor perdana dan V = peristiwa mendapat huruf vokal

Let N = event of getting a prime number and V = event of getting a vowel

$$P(NV) = \frac{2}{6} \times \frac{1}{4}$$

$$= \frac{1}{12}$$

Jawapan/Answer: A

7 Katakan E = peristiwa mendapat nombor genap, K = peristiwa mendapat huruf konsonan

Let E = event of getting an even number, K = event of getting a consonant

$$P(EK) = \frac{3}{6} \times \frac{3}{4}$$

$$= \frac{3}{8}$$

Jawapan/Answer: C

8

$P \backslash Q$	1	3	5	7	9
0	1	3	5	7	9
2	1	1	3	5	7
4	3	1	1	3	5
6	5	3	1	1	3
8	7	5	3	1	1

L = Peristiwa memperoleh dua nombor yang beza nilainya lebih daripada 5

Event of getting two numbers with difference is more than 5

$$n(S) = 25$$

$$n(L) = 4$$

$$P(L) = \frac{4}{25}$$

Jawapan/Answer: A

9 $S = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$

X = Peristiwa mendapat 5 atau nombor lebih daripada 3

Event of getting 5 or a number more than 3

$$= \{4, 5, 6\}$$

$$P(X) = \frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Jawapan/Answer: D

10 Katakan A = Peristiwa mendapat nombor ganjil, B = Peristiwa mendapat nombor gandaan 3

Let A = Event of getting an odd number, B = Event of getting a multiple of 3

$$A = \{11, 13, 15, 17, 19\}, B = \{12, 15, 18\}$$

$$P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$$

$$= \frac{5}{10} + \frac{3}{10} - \frac{1}{10}$$

$$= \frac{7}{10}$$

Jawapan/Answer: A

- 11 Katakan B = Peristiwa mendapat kad biru,
 M = Peristiwa mendapat kad merah.
Let B = Event of getting a blue card, M = Event of getting a red card.
 $P(B \cup M) = P(B) + P(M)$
 $= \frac{6}{18} + \frac{7}{18}$
 $= \frac{13}{18}$

Jawapan/Answer: **B**

- 12 Katakan B = Peristiwa memilih seorang murid yang gemar warna biru,
 M = Peristiwa memilih seorang murid yang gemar warna merah.
Let B = Event of choosing a student who likes blue, M = Event of choosing a student who likes red.
 $P(B \cup M) = P(B) + P(M) - P(B \cap M)$
 $= \frac{26}{40} + \frac{18}{40} - \frac{11}{40}$
 $= \frac{33}{40}$

Jawapan/Answer: **D**

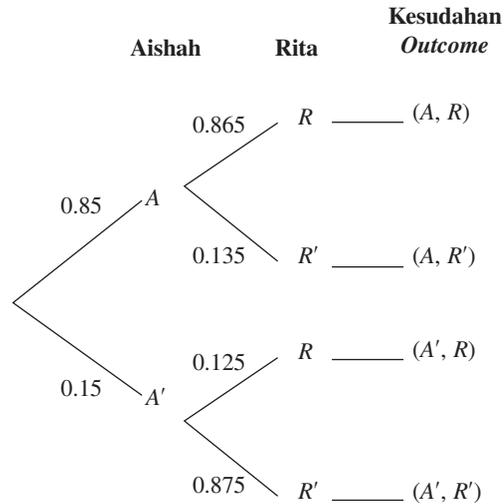
- 13 $P(\text{Zac menyertai kedua-dua kelab})$
 $P(\text{Zac joins both clubs})$
 $= \frac{3}{10} \times \frac{4}{5}$
 $= \frac{6}{25}$
 $P(\text{Zac menyertai kelab ping pong atau kelab bola keranjang})$
 $P(\text{Zac joins table tennis club or basketball club})$
 $= \frac{3}{10} + \frac{4}{5} - \frac{6}{25}$
 $= \frac{43}{50}$

Jawapan/Answer: **C**

- 14 Katakan E = peristiwa memilih sebiji epal yang elok
Let E = Event of choosing a good apple
 $P(\text{sekurang-kurangnya sebiji epal adalah elok/ at least an apple is good})$
 $= P(EE) + P(EE') + P(E'E)$
 $= \left(\frac{28}{30} \times \frac{27}{29}\right) + \left(\frac{28}{30} \times \frac{2}{29}\right) + \left(\frac{2}{30} \times \frac{28}{29}\right)$
 $= \frac{434}{435}$
 Atau/Or $1 - P(E'E')$
 $= 1 - \left(\frac{2}{30} \times \frac{1}{29}\right)$
 $= \frac{434}{435}$

Jawapan/Answer: **C**

15



A = Peristiwa Aishah menyertai rombongan lawatan sekolah
Event of Aishah joining the school's field trip
 A' = Peristiwa Aishah tidak menyertai rombongan lawatan sekolah
Event of Aishah not joining the school's field trip
 R = Peristiwa Rita menyertai rombongan lawatan sekolah
Event of Rita joining the school's field trip
 R' = Peristiwa Rita tidak menyertai rombongan lawatan sekolah
Event of Rita not joining the school's field trip

$P(\text{Seorang daripada mereka menyertai rombongan lawatan sekolah})$
 $P(\text{One of them joining the school field trip})$
 $= P(A, R') + P(A', R)$
 $= (0.85 \times 0.135) + (0.15 \times 0.125)$
 $= 0.1335$

Jawapan/Answer: **D**

Kertas 2

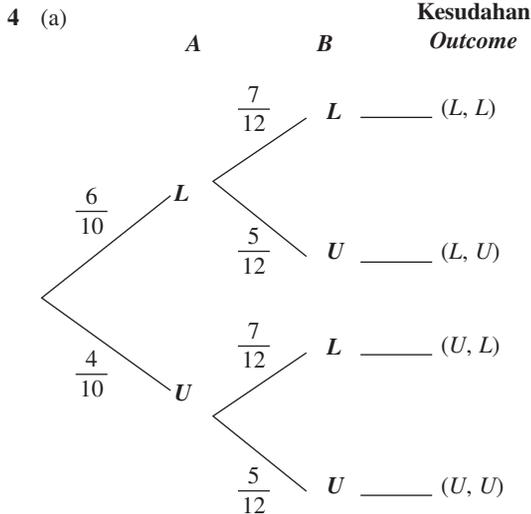
Bahagian A

- Peristiwa bersandar/Dependent event
 - $P(HH) = \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{2}{4}$
 $= \frac{3}{10}$
- Peristiwa tak bersandar. Kebarangkalian peristiwa pertama tidak mempengaruhi kebarangkalian peristiwa kedua.
An independent event. The probability of the first event does not affect the probability of the second event.
 - $S = \{(C, 3), (C, 6), (C, 9), (A, 3), (A, 6), (A, 9), (R, 3), (R, 6), (R, 9), (I, 3), (I, 6), (I, 9)\}$

3 (a) $\{(A, O), (A, E), (E, O), (E, E)\}$

(b) $P(EE) + P(SS) = \left(\frac{1}{5} \times \frac{1}{5}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{5} \times \frac{1}{5}\right)$
 $= \frac{2}{25}$

Bahagian B



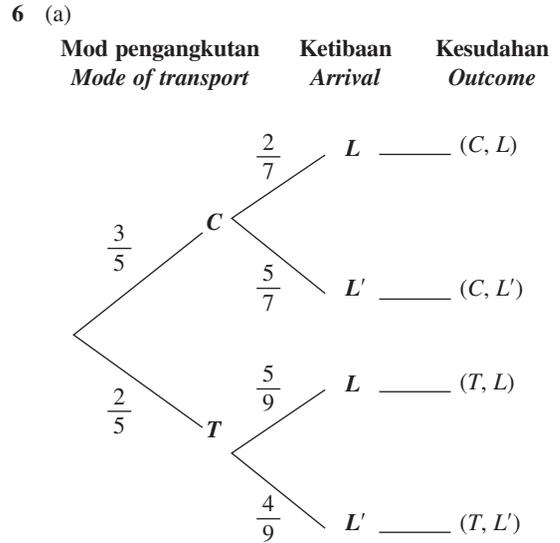
L = Peristiwa pemain dari tingkatan menengah bawah
Event of player from lower form
 U = Peristiwa pemain dari tingkatan menengah atas
Event of player from upper form

(b) $P(L, L) + P(U, U) = \left(\frac{6}{10} \times \frac{7}{12}\right) + \left(\frac{4}{10} \times \frac{5}{12}\right)$
 $= \frac{7}{20} + \frac{1}{6}$
 $= \frac{31}{60}$

(c) Peristiwa tak bersandar. Kebarangkalian peristiwa pertama tidak mempengaruhi kebarangkalian peristiwa kedua.
An independent event. The probability of the first event does not affect the probability of the second event.

5 (a) $\frac{p}{20+p} \times \frac{p-1}{19+p} = \frac{3}{29}$
 $\frac{p^2 - p}{380 + 39p + p^2} = \frac{3}{29}$
 $29p^2 - 29p = 1140 + 117p + 3p^2$
 $26p^2 - 146p - 1140 = 0$
 $13p^2 - 73p - 570 = 0$
 $(13p + 57)(p - 10) = 0$
 $p = -\frac{57}{13}$ (ditolak/rejected), $p = 10$
 $n(S) = 3 + 5 + 10 + 8 + 4$
 $= 30$
 $P(00) = \frac{3}{30} \times \frac{2}{29}$
 $= \frac{1}{145}$

(b) $P(\text{sekurang-kurangnya 3 orang anak at least 3 children})$
 $= \frac{(8+4)}{30} \times \frac{8+4-1}{29}$
 $= \frac{12}{30} \times \frac{11}{29}$
 $= \frac{22}{145}$



C = Peristiwa memandu kereta ke pejabat
Event of driving to office
 T = Peristiwa menaiki LRT ke pejabat
Event of taking LRT to office
 L = Peristiwa lewat ke pejabat
Event of being late to office
 L' = Peristiwa tidak lewat ke pejabat
Event of not being late to office

(b) (i) $P(C, L') = \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{5}{7}$
 $= \frac{3}{7}$
 (ii) $P(C, L) + P(T, L)$
 $= \left(\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{2}{7}\right) + \left(\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{5}{9}\right)$
 $= \frac{124}{315}$

Bahagian C

7 (a) $P(\text{Pen}) = \frac{2}{5}$
 $\frac{n(\text{Pen})}{n(S)} = \frac{2}{5}$
 $\frac{200}{n(S)} = \frac{2}{5}$
 $n(S) = 200 \times \frac{5}{2}$
 $= 500$

$$\begin{aligned}
 n(\text{buku latihan/exercise books}) &= 500 - 200 \\
 &= 300 \\
 x + y &= 300 \\
 x = 5y, \text{ maka } 5y + y &= 300 \\
 6y &= 300 \\
 y &= 50 \\
 x &= 300 - 50 \\
 &= 250
 \end{aligned}$$

(b) $\frac{120 + 80}{k} = 2$

$$k = \frac{200}{2}$$

$$= 100$$

Katakan A = peristiwa memilih seorang murid sesi petang yang membeli pen, $n(A) = x$
 Let A = event of choosing one afternoon session student who bought the pen, $n(A) = x$

$$P(AA) = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{x}{100} \times \frac{x-1}{99} = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$x^2 - x = \frac{1}{5} \times 100 \times 99$$

$$x^2 - x = 1980$$

$$x^2 - x - 1980 = 0$$

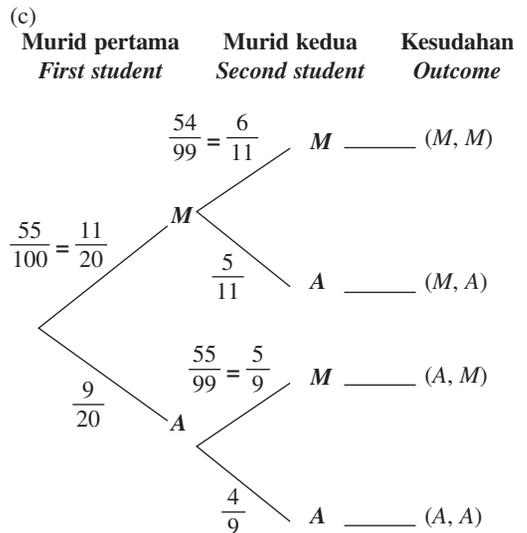
$$(x - 45)(x + 44) = 0$$

$x = 45$ (bilangan murid tidak boleh bernilai negatif/
 the number of students cannot be negative)

Bilangan murid sesi petang yang membeli pen
 = 45

Number of afternoon session students who bought
 the pen = 45

Bilangan murid sesi pagi yang membeli pen
 Number of morning session students who bought
 the pen
 = $100 - 45$
 = 55



M = Peristiwa memilih murid sesi pagi
 Event of choosing morning session student
 A = Peristiwa memilih murid sesi petang
 Event of choosing afternoon session student