

# Penyelesaian Lengkap

PRAKTIS 8

Bahagian A

- 1**  $90^\circ - 35^\circ = 55^\circ$   
**Jawapan/Answer:** D

**2**  $3x + 4x + 5x = 180^\circ$   
 $12x = 180^\circ$   
 $x = 15^\circ$   
**Jawapan/Answer:** A

**3**  $\frac{5}{6} \times 360^\circ = 300^\circ$   
**Jawapan/Answer:** C

**4**  $x = 33^\circ + 28^\circ$   
 $= 61^\circ$   
 $y = 180^\circ - 33^\circ - 28^\circ$   
 $= 119^\circ$   
 $y - x = 119^\circ - 61^\circ$   
 $= 58^\circ$   
**Jawapan/Answer:** B

**5**  $x + x + 40^\circ = 180^\circ$   
 $2x = 140^\circ$   
 $x = 70^\circ$   
 $x = 2y$   
 $y = \frac{70^\circ}{2} =$

Jawapan/Answer: B

- $$6 \quad x = 180^\circ - 132^\circ = 48^\circ$$

$$x = y = 48^\circ$$

$$x + y = 48^\circ + 48^\circ$$

$$= 96^\circ$$

Jawapan/Answer: D

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$$103^\circ + 77^\circ = 180^\circ$$

Jawapan/Answer: C

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$$x = 29^\circ + 37^\circ = 66^\circ$$

Jawapan/Answer: D

- ## 9 Jawapan/Answer: A

- 10**

$$\begin{aligned}\angle XTY &= \angle TYV = 64^\circ \\ \angle XYT &= \angle YZV = 38^\circ \\ x &= 180^\circ - 64^\circ - 38^\circ = 78^\circ \\ \text{Jawapan/Answer: } &B\end{aligned}$$

Jawapan/Answer: B

- A diagram of triangle  $OQR$  with vertices  $O$ ,  $Q$ , and  $R$ . A dashed horizontal line passes through vertex  $R$ , creating a right angle  $\angle ROP = 90^\circ$  at point  $P$  on the base  $OQ$ . The angle at vertex  $O$  is labeled  $36^\circ$ , and the angle at vertex  $Q$  is labeled  $55^\circ$ .

$$\angle ORQ = 180^\circ - 36^\circ - 55^\circ = 89^\circ$$

Jawapan/Answer: B

## Bahagian B

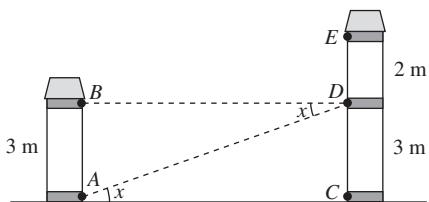
<b>1</b>	$60^\circ$	$80^\circ$	$130^\circ$	$45^\circ$
	$100^\circ$	$150^\circ$	$20^\circ$	$135^\circ$

- |          |   |
|----------|---|
| <b>2</b> |   |
| (a)      | Sudut putaran pelengkap<br><i>Angle of one whole turn</i> |
| (b)      | Sudut refleks<br><i>Reflex angle</i>                      |
| (c)      | Sudut tirus<br><i>Acute angle</i>                         |
| (d)      | Sudut pada garis lurus<br><i>Angle on a straight line</i> |

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- (a)  $v + x + w = 180^\circ$
- (b)  $x = w$
- (c)  $v = 35^\circ$
- (d)  $v + x + w + y + z = 360^\circ$

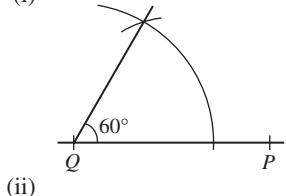
4



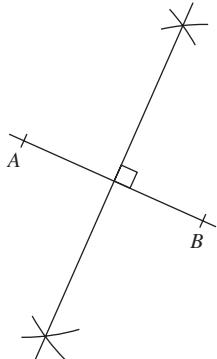
(a)	$\angle ADC$ ialah sudut tunduk A dari D. $\angle ADC$ is the angle of depression of A from D.	PALSU FALSE
(b)	$\angle CAE$ ialah sudut dongak E dari A. $\angle CAE$ is the angle of elevation of E from A.	BENAR TRUE
(c)	Garis BD ialah suatu garis mendatar. Line BD is a horizontal line.	BENAR TRUE
(d)	$\angle BDA = \angle DAC$	BENAR TRUE

### Bahagian C

1 (a) (i)



(ii)



(b)  $x = 180^\circ - 136^\circ = 44^\circ$   
 $y = 71^\circ$   
 $z = 180^\circ - 44^\circ - 71^\circ = 65^\circ$

(c)  $x = 180^\circ - 66^\circ = 114^\circ$   
 $y = 180^\circ - 74^\circ = 106^\circ$   
 $z = 74^\circ$

2 (a)  $x = 29^\circ$

$y = 180^\circ - 29^\circ - 54^\circ = 97^\circ$

(b)  $3x = x + 60^\circ$

$2x = 60^\circ$

$x = 30^\circ$

(c)  $180^\circ - 70^\circ = 110^\circ$

$y - 18^\circ + y = 110^\circ$

$2y = 128^\circ$

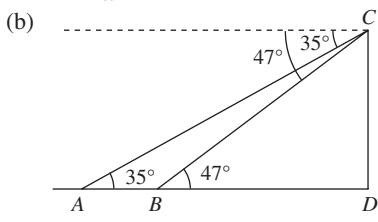
$y = 64^\circ$

(d)  $x = 54^\circ$

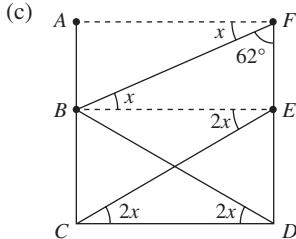
$y = 180^\circ - 69^\circ - 54^\circ = 57^\circ$

3 (a)  $x + 37^\circ = 58^\circ$

$x = 21^\circ$



$\angle ACB = 47^\circ - 35^\circ = 12^\circ$



Sudut tunduk B dari F

Angle of depression of B from F

$= 90^\circ - 62^\circ$

$= 28^\circ$

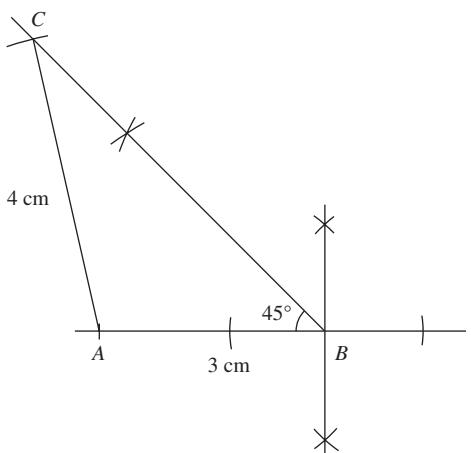
Sudut dongak B dari D

Angle of elevation of B from D

$= 2 \times 28^\circ$

$= 56^\circ$

(d) (i)



(ii)  $\angle ACB = 32^\circ$