

# Fully-worked Solutions

## Practice 9

### Formative Practice

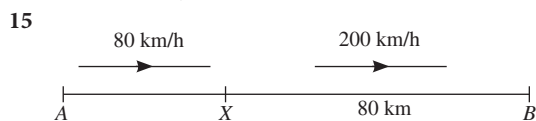
- 1 Distance travelled  
 $= 30 \times \frac{43}{60}$   
 $= 21.5 \text{ km}$   
 Answer: B
- 2 (a) The lorry travels a distance of  $\boxed{70}$  km in a time of 1 hour.  
 (b) The little child can walk a distance of 10 m in a time of  $\boxed{1}$  minute.  
 (c) The bird flies for a distance of  $\boxed{8}$  m in a time of  $\boxed{1}$  s.
- 3 Bala, Yunus, Nasir, Elmi, Sukri, Chew
- 4 (a) Non-uniform speed  
 (b) Uniform speed
- 5 (a) Uniform speed. The motorcycle travels through a distance of 5 km in time intervals of 10 minutes.  
 (b) Non-uniform speed. The lorry travels through different distances in time intervals of 20 seconds.
- 6 (a) Uniform speed  
 (b) Non-uniform speed
- 7 (a) (i) Speed of taxi from taxi station to petrol kiosk  
 $= \frac{200}{2}$   
 $= 100 \text{ km/h}$   
 (ii) Speed from petrol kiosk to town  
 $= \frac{120}{1.5}$   
 $= 80 \text{ km/h}$   
 (b) No, the taxi is not travelling in uniform speed.
- 8 (a) Speed of tortoise  
 $= \frac{90}{9}$   
 $= 10 \text{ cm/s}$   
 (b) Speed of runner  
 $= \frac{1.6 \text{ km}}{20 \text{ minutes}}$   
 $= 0.08 \text{ km/minute}$   
 $= 0.08 \times 60 \text{ km/h}$   
 $= 4.8 \text{ km/h}$
- 9 (a) Distance travelled  
 $= 15 \times 4$   
 $= 60 \text{ m}$   
 (b) Distance travelled  
 $= 70 \times \frac{90}{60}$   
 $= 105 \text{ km}$   
 (c) Distance travelled  
 $= 2 \times \frac{3}{4}(60)$   
 $= 90 \text{ km}$
- 10 (a) Time taken  
 $= \frac{418}{110}$   
 $= 3.8 \text{ hours}$   
 $= 3 \text{ hours } 48 \text{ minutes}$   
 (b) Time taken  
 $= \frac{320}{64}$   
 $= 5 \text{ hours}$   
 (c) Time taken  
 $= \frac{185}{74}$   
 $= 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ hours}$
- 11 (a) Total time  
 $= \frac{75}{50}$   
 $= 1.5 \text{ hours}$   
 (b) Average speed  
 $= \frac{72}{1.2}$   
 $= 60 \text{ km/h}$   
 (c) Total distance  
 $= 75 \times 2$   
 $= 150 \text{ km}$   
 (d) Average speed  
 $= \frac{126}{1.8}$   
 $= 70 \text{ km/h}$
- 12 (a)  $21 \text{ m/s} = \frac{21 \text{ m}}{1 \text{ s}}$   
 $= \frac{21}{1\,000} \text{ km}$   
 $= \frac{1}{3\,600} \text{ h}$   
 $= \frac{21}{1\,000} \times 3\,600 \text{ km/h}$   
 $= 75.6 \text{ km/h}$  [✓]
- (b)  $42 \text{ cm/minute} = \frac{42 \text{ cm}}{1 \text{ minute}}$   
 $= \frac{420 \text{ mm}}{60 \text{ s}}$   
 $= 7 \text{ mm/s}$  [✓]

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(c) } 54 \text{ km/h} &= \frac{54 \text{ km}}{1 \text{ h}} \\ &= \frac{54\,000 \text{ m}}{3\,600 \text{ s}} \\ &= 15 \text{ m/s} \end{aligned} \quad [\times]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(d) } 800 \text{ m/minute} &= \frac{800 \text{ m}}{1 \text{ minute}} \\ &= \frac{0.8 \text{ km}}{\frac{1}{60} \text{ h}} \\ &= 0.8 \times 60 \text{ km/h} \\ &= 48 \text{ km/h} \end{aligned} \quad [\times]$$

- 13** Total distance travelled  
 $= 3\,800 + 2\,100 + 2\,500$   
 $= 8\,400 \text{ m}$   
 $= 8.4 \text{ km}$   
 Total time taken  
 $= 42 + 30 + 48$   
 $= 120 \text{ minutes}$   
 Average speed  
 $= \frac{8.4}{120}$   
 $= 0.07 \text{ km/minute}$   
 Average speed  
 $= \frac{8.4}{2}$   
 $= 4.2 \text{ km/h}$

- 14** (a) Distance of  $PQ$   
 $= 90 \times 1\frac{1}{3}$   
 $= 120 \text{ km}$   
 Distance of  $PR$   
 $= 120 + 80$   
 $= 200 \text{ km}$   
 (b) Total time taken from  $P$  to  $R$   
 $= 1\frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{3}$   
 $= 2 \text{ hours}$   
 Average speed  
 $= \frac{200}{2}$   
 $= 100 \text{ km/h}$



- Distance of  $AX$   
 $= 80 \times 0.5$   
 $= 40 \text{ km}$   
 Time taken to travel from  $X$  to  $B$   
 $= \frac{80}{200}$   
 $= 0.4 \text{ h}$   
 Total distance travelled  
 $= 40 + 80$   
 $= 120 \text{ km}$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total time taken} &= 0.5 + t + 0.4 \\ &= t + 0.9 \\ \frac{120}{t + 0.9} &= 60 \\ 120 &= 60(t + 0.9) \\ 120 &= 60t + 54 \\ 66 &= 60t \\ t &= 1.1 \end{aligned}$$

Answer: **A**

- 16** Acceleration  
 $= \frac{15 - 10}{20}$   
 $= \frac{5}{20}$   
 $= \frac{1}{4} \text{ m/s}^2$

Answer: **B**

- 17** (a) The speed of the chartered taxi   $2 \text{ m/s}$   
 in  s.  
 (b) The speed of the bicycle    $\text{km/h}$   
 in 1 .

- 18** (a) (i) Acceleration  
 $= \frac{(90 - 72) \text{ km/h}}{10 \text{ s}}$   
 $= \frac{18 \text{ km/h}}{10 \text{ s}}$   
 $= 1.8 \text{ km/h per second}$   
 (ii) Acceleration  
 $= \frac{(80 - 72) \text{ km/h}}{10 \text{ s}}$   
 $= \frac{8 \text{ km/h}}{10 \text{ s}}$   
 $= 0.8 \text{ km/h per second}$

The car in situation (i) travels with the higher acceleration.

- (b) (i) Acceleration  
 $= \frac{24 - 20}{30}$   
 $= \frac{4}{30}$   
 $= \frac{2}{15} \text{ m/s}^2$

- (ii) Acceleration  
 $= \frac{24 - 20}{15}$   
 $= \frac{4}{15} \text{ m/s}^2$

The car in situation (ii) travels with the higher acceleration.

19 (a) Acceleration

$$= \frac{9 - 5}{10}$$

$$= \frac{4}{10}$$

$$= 0.4 \text{ m/s}^2$$

(b) Acceleration

$$= \frac{4 - 12}{20}$$

$$= -\frac{8}{20}$$

$$= -0.4 \text{ m/s}^2$$

(c) Acceleration

$$= \frac{6 - 2}{5}$$

$$= \frac{4}{5}$$

$$= 0.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

20 (a) Acceleration

$$= \frac{15 - 12}{10}$$

$$= \frac{3}{10}$$

$$= 0.3 \text{ m/s}^2$$

(b) Acceleration = 0

$$27 - u = 0$$

$$u = 27$$

(c) Acceleration =  $-300 \text{ km/h}^2$

$$\frac{v - 88}{\frac{2}{60}} = -300$$

$$v - 88 = -300 \times \frac{2}{60}$$

$$v - 88 = -10$$

$$v = 78$$

(d) Acceleration =  $45 \text{ m/minute}^2$

$$\frac{120 - 105}{\frac{t}{60}} = 45$$

$$15 = 45 \times \frac{t}{60}$$

$$60 = 3t$$

$$t = 20$$

### Summative Practice

1 A 150 m/minute

$$= \frac{150 \text{ m}}{60 \text{ s}}$$

$$= 2.5 \text{ m/s}$$

B 18 000 m/h

$$= \frac{18\,000 \text{ m}}{3\,600 \text{ s}}$$

$$= 5 \text{ m/s}$$

C 7.2 km/h

$$= \frac{7\,200 \text{ m}}{3\,600 \text{ s}}$$

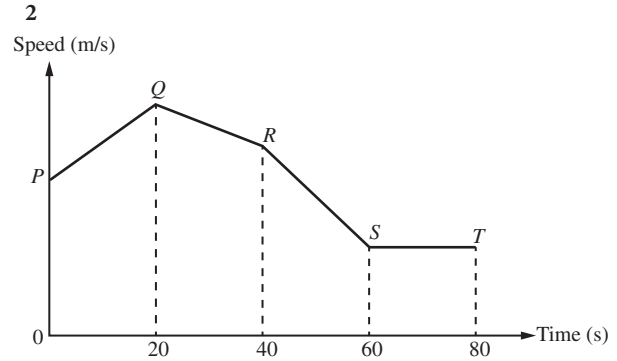
$$= 2 \text{ m/s}$$

D  $\frac{9}{20} \text{ km/minute}$

$$= \frac{9\,000 \text{ m}}{20 \times 60 \text{ s}}$$

$$= 7.5 \text{ m/s}$$

Answer: C



Straight line  $ST$  represents uniform speed.

Answer: D

3 From  $M$  to  $N$ :

Time taken

$$= \frac{150}{50}$$

$$= 3 \text{ hours}$$

From  $N$  to  $M$ :

Time taken

$$= 3 - 0.5$$

$$= 2.5 \text{ hours}$$

Average speed

$$= \frac{150}{2.5}$$

$$= 60 \text{ km/h}$$

Answer: A

4 45 minutes =  $\frac{45}{60}$  hour

Distance travelled

$$= 80 \times \frac{45}{60}$$

$$= 60 \text{ km}$$

Answer: B

5 108 km/h

$$= \frac{108 \times 1\,000 \text{ m}}{3\,600 \text{ s}}$$

$$= 30 \text{ m/s}$$

Acceleration

$$= \frac{0 - 30}{20}$$

$$= -1\frac{1}{2} \text{ m/s}^2$$

Answer: A

6 (a) 79 km/h, 85 km/h, 96 km/h, 112 km/h

(b) The speed of the car varies for the journey from  $A$  to  $E$ .

Therefore, the car is not travelling with uniform speed.

(c) Total distance travelled from A to E

$$= 85 \times \frac{15}{60} + 112 \times \frac{15}{60} + 79 \times \frac{15}{60} + 96 \times \frac{15}{60}$$

$$= (85 + 112 + 79 + 96) \times \frac{15}{60}$$

$$= 372 \times \frac{15}{60}$$

$$= 93 \text{ km}$$

Total time taken to travel from A to E

$$= 15 + 15 + 15 + 15$$

$$= 60 \text{ minutes}$$

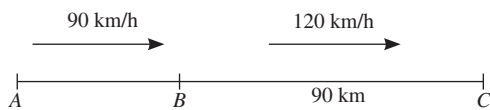
$$= 1 \text{ hour}$$

Average speed

$$= \frac{93}{1}$$

$$= 93 \text{ km/h}$$

7



(a) Distance between A and B

$$= 90 \times 2\frac{2}{3}$$

$$= 240 \text{ km}$$

(b) Time taken to travel from B to C

$$= \frac{90}{120}$$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \text{ hour}$$

Total distance travelled from A to C

$$= 240 + 90$$

$$= 330 \text{ km}$$

Total time taken to travel from A to C

$$= 2\frac{2}{3} + \frac{35}{60} + \frac{3}{4}$$

$$= 4 \text{ hours}$$

Average speed of car from A to C

$$= \frac{330}{4}$$

$$= 82.5 \text{ km/h}$$

8 (a)  $\frac{u - 13}{8} = 1.5$

$$u - 13 = 12$$

$$u = 25$$

(b)  $\frac{v - u}{18 - 8} = 0.9$

$$\frac{v - 25}{10} = 0.9$$

$$v - 25 = 9$$

$$v = 34$$